



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

UNIVERSITY AND EDUCATIONAL NEWS.

It is said that the suits over the will of Dr. Thomas W. Evans are now substantially settled, and the city of Philadelphia will receive a sum approximating \$4,000,000 for the 'Thomas W. Evans Museum and Institute Society.' This institution is for 'the teaching of dentistry and for the display of his royal presents and personal effects.'

MR. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER has offered to duplicate money raised by Acadia College, in Wolfville, N. S., up to \$100,000 before January 1, 1908.

MRS. JOHN MARKOE, of Philadelphia, has given \$5,000 to Harvard University to establish a scholarship in memory of her son James Markoe of the class of '89.

PRESIDENT PRITCHETT and other representatives of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology appeared before the committee on ways and means of the Massachusetts House of Representatives on March 11, in support of a bill designed to give the corporation of the institute power either to build over the whole or the part of the western two thirds of the block bounded by Boylston, Berkeley, Marlboro and Clarendon streets, or to sell it. President Pritchett indicated that the institute might be moved to new buildings on land owned by it near Jamaica Pond, Boston.

THE physical laboratory of the University of Michigan will be extended this summer by the addition of a large lecture-room seating 400 and several other rooms for laboratory work. The top floor, which has hitherto been devoted to bacteriology, will be vacated by that department and will be added to the department of physics.

ON Saturday, February 21, the University of Montana dedicated, with appropriate ceremonies, two new buildings, one a gymnasium and the other a woman's hall. The two buildings cost \$40,000, but were not completed within the appropriation. An appropriation of \$5,000 has been made by the legislature for their completion according to the original plans.

AT Yale University Dr. Andrew D. White has been appointed Dodge lecturer on the responsibilities of citizenship, and Sir Frederick Pollock, of London, Storrs lecturer in the Law School.

DR. GEORGE B. HALSTED, late of the University of Texas, has been elected to the chair of mathematics at St. John's College, Annapolis, Md.

AT Columbia University Albert P. Wills, A.B. (Tufts), Ph.D. (Clark), lately associate in applied mathematics and physics at Bryn Mawr College, has been appointed instructor in mechanics and mathematical physics; and Bergen Davis, A.M., Tyndall fellow of Columbia University, has been appointed tutor in physics.

DR. J. E. IVES, instructor of physics in the University of Cincinnati, will leave his present position to go with the American de Forest Wireless Telegraph Company of New York City on the first of April next. To begin with Dr. Ives will have charge of the experiments with wireless telegraphy on moving trains and afterwards he will take up a series of investigations connected with the development of wireless telegraphy along commercial lines.

DR. E. B. BROWN, professor of Arabic at Cambridge University and fellow of Pembroke College, has been offered the mastership of the college in succession to the late Sir George Stokes.

MR. JOSEPH LARMOR, fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge University, has been elected Lucasian professor of mathematics in succession to the late Sir George Gabriel Stokes. Mr. Larmor is secretary of the Royal Society and is well known for his contributions to mathematics, his most important work being 'Ether and Matter.' The Lucasian professorship was founded in 1663 by Mr. Henry Lucas, who had been M.P. for the University. The first professor was Dr. Isaac Barrow, who resigned in 1669, Isaac Newton being elected to succeed him.